# SONY

# **CXA2096N**

# **Digital CCD Camera Head Amplifier**

#### **Description**

The CXA2096N is a bipolar IC developed as a head amplifier for digital CCD cameras. This IC provides the following functions: correlated double sampling, AGC for the CCD signal, A/D sample and hold, blanking, A/D reference voltage, and an output driver.

# 24 pin SSOP (Plastic)

#### **Features**

- High sensitivity made possible by a high-gain AGC amplifier
- Blanking function provided for the purpose of calibrating the CCD output signal black level
- Regulator output pin provided for A/D converter reference voltage
- Built-in sample-and-hold circuits for camera signals required by external A/D converters

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

<ul> <li>Supply voltage</li> </ul>	Vcc	11	V
<ul> <li>Operating temperature</li> </ul>	Topr	-20 to +75	°C
<ul> <li>Storage temperature</li> </ul>	Tstg	-65 to +150	°C
<ul> <li>Allowable power dissipation</li> </ul>	PD	417	mW

#### **Operating Conditions**

Supply voltage Vcc1, 2, 3 3.0 to 3.6

#### **Applications**

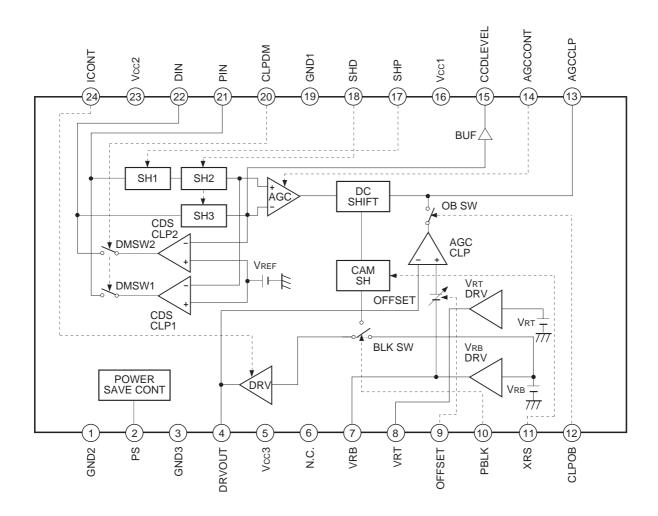
DVC/still cameras for consumer use

#### Structure

Bipolar silicon monolithic IC

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# **Block Diagram and Pin Configuration**



Pin Description (Vcc1, 2, 3 = 3V)

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
1 3 19	GND2 GND3 GND1	GND		Ground.
2	PS	VTH = 1.5V	2 145 10µA ₹5k	Power saving mode.
4	DRVOUT	VRB to VRB + 100mV	О то 50µА 25µА 25µА 25µА 777 50µА 777 1солт 3.2 to 6.4mA 3.2 to 6.4mA 48 777	Driver output for A/D converter capable of DC coupling.  Dynamic range = 1Vp-p.
5 16 23	Vcc3 Vcc1 Vcc2	Vcc		Power supply.

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
6	N.C.			No connection; normally ground.
7	VRB	1.35V	1.35V 30k 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 7	1.35V regulator output.  Be sure to decouple this pin near the IC pins to prevent the oscillation and external noise when this pin is not used. (Recommended capacitor value: 4.7µF)
8	VRT	2.35V	2.35V 2.35V 23.5k 55µ 777 777 777 777 777 777 777	2.35V regulator output.  Be sure to decouple this pin near the IC pins to prevent the oscillation and external noise when this pin is not used. (Recommended capacitor value: 4.7µF)
9	OFFSET	1.5 to 3V & 0V	50k	Controls the output offset.  When 3V: VRB When 1.5V: VRB + 100mV When 0V (preset mode): VRB + 35mV
10	PBLK	VTH = 1.85V  Active: Low	30k ₹ 30k 145 1.85V 100 ₹ 30k ₹ 777 777	Camera signal preblanking pulse input.  Active when Low. Calibrates the black level of the AGC output waveform. When PBLK is Low, the DRVOUT potential is forced to VRB.

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
11	XRS	VTH = 0.68V	40μA 24k 770μA 145 111 111 111 111 111	Camera signal sample-and-hold pulse input.
12	CLPOB	VTH = 1.5V  Active: Low	30k ₹ 30k 145 12 12 12 17 777 777	Clamp pulse used to clamp the optical black portion of the camera signal after it passes through the AGC amplifier.
13	AGCCLP	Approx. 1.3V	50k 55k 3k 145 145 13 13 145 145 1777	AGC clamp capacitor. (Recommended value: 0.1µF)
14	AGCCONT	1.5 to 3.0V	3.3k 3.3k 3.4k 3.4k 2.14V 145 3.4k 2.29V 100µA 300µA 100µA 200µA 200µA	AGC gain control.  When 1.5V: -1dB (Minimum gain)  When 3.0V: 31.5dB (Maximum gain)

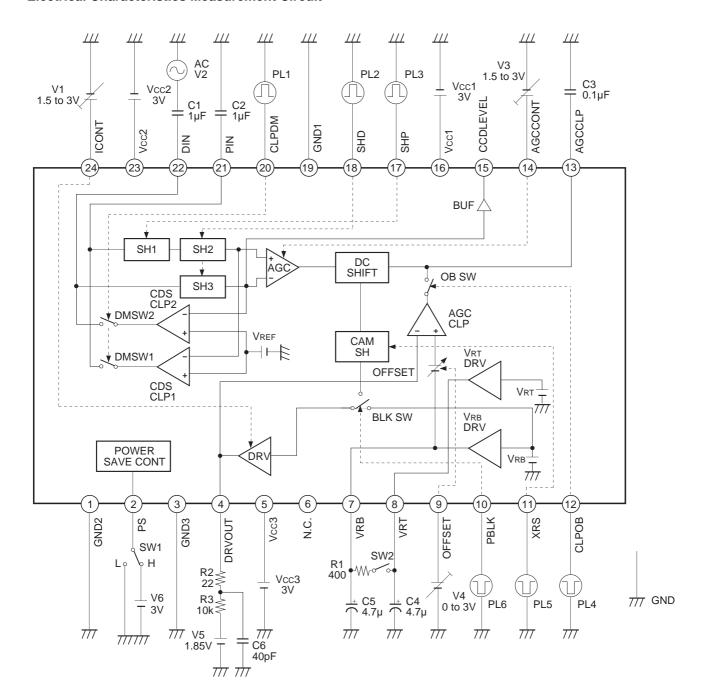
Pin No.	Symbol	Pin voltage	Equivalent circuit	Description
15	CCDLEVEL	CCD signal black level of DIN input approx. 2.2V	100µA 150 340 777	Enables monitoring of the SH3 output camera signal.
17	SHP	VTH = 0.65V	20µA 365µA 145	Preset level sample- and-hold pulse input.
18	SHD	Sampling	0.65V (17) (18) (18) (18) (17) (18) (18) (18) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19) (19	Data level sample- and-hold pulse input.
20	CLPDM	VTH = 1.5V  Active: Low	30k 1.5V 30k 30k 777 777 777	Clamp pulse used to clamp the dummy pixel portion of the input CCD signal.
21 22	PIN DIN	Black level approx. 2.1V	145 21 15μA 15μA 15μA 22k 23k 200μA 7/// 7// 7// 7// 7// 7// 7// 7// 7// 7/	CCD signal input.
24	ICONT	1.5 to 3V	2.25V	DRVOUT output waveform rise time control.  When 1.5V: Maximum rise time When 3V: Minimum rise time

## **Electrical Characteristics**

(Ta = 25°C, Vcc1, 2, 3 = 3V)

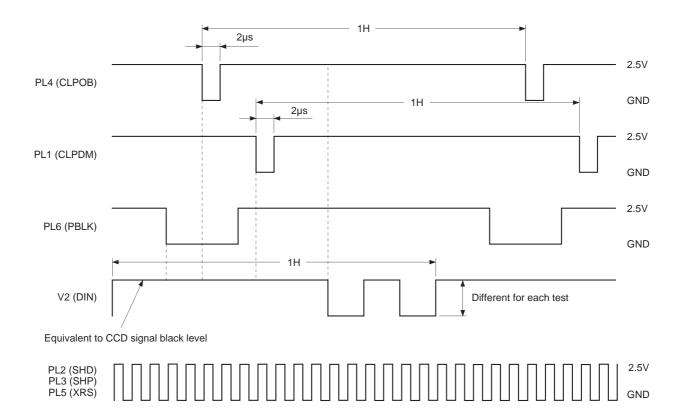
Item		Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Current consump	PS = OFF (PS indicates Power Save)	IDC	AGCCONT = 1.5V, open between VRT and VRB PS = 3V, ICONT = 3V	25.1	37.1	49.0	mA
-11011	PS = ON	IDP	PS = 0V	0	1.8	4.2	
	Maximum gain	A CONT max.	DIN = 1µs, 20mVp-p pulse AGCCONT = 3V, ICONT = 3V	28.5	31.3	_	
	Minimum gain	A CONT min.	DIN = 1µs, 500mVp-p pulse AGCCONT = 1.5V, Icont = 3V	_	-0.8	1.4	dB
AGC	Range of gain variance	AGC G	A CON max. – A CON min.	27.1	32.1	_	
AGG .	Dynamic range maximum	AGCmax.	AGCCONT = 3V DRVOUT output signal at saturation level	800	970	_	- mV
	Dynamic range typical	AGCTYP.	AGCCONT = 2V DRVOUT output signal at saturation level	900	960	_	IIIV
	Offset high	CAOF high	OFFSET = 1.5V	80	98	_	
DRV	Offset low	CAOF low	OFFSET = 3.0V	_	2	5	mV
	Offset preset	CAOF pre	OFFSET = 0V	25	34	40	
REF	VRT DC level	VRTO	With a $400\Omega$ load	2300	2340	2400	
	VRB DC level	VRBO	With a $400\Omega$ load	1300	1353	1400	mV
	Vrt – Vrg	ΔVR	With a $400\Omega$ load	950	988	1050	
BLK	Offset	BLKOF	BLKOF (PBLK = 3V) – BLKOF (PBLK = 0V)	-15	9	30	mV
SH3	Dynamic range	SH3 D	DIN = 1µs, 1Vp-p pulse	600	790	_	mV

#### **Electrical Characteristics Measurement Circuit**

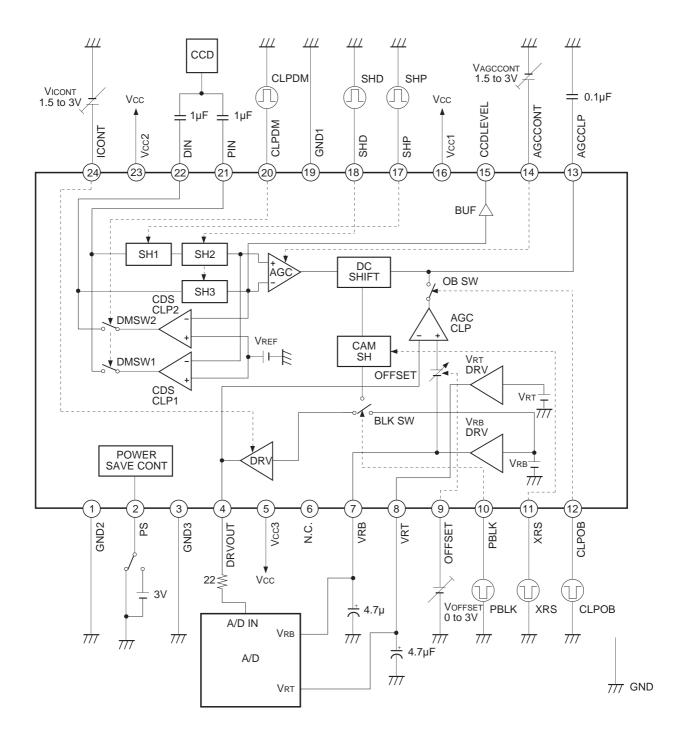


SW1	POWER SAVE	
H OFF		
L	ON	

# **Measurement Timing Chart**



## **Application Circuit**



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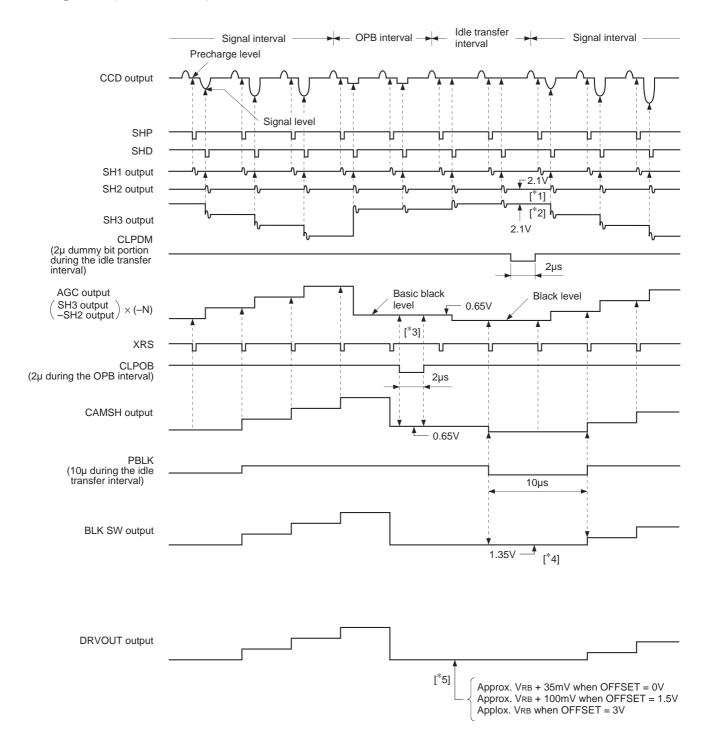
### **Description of Operation**

Refer to the Block Diagram.

#### **Operating Conditions**

The camera signal processing system operates when PS is High.

#### Timing Chart (when Vcc = 3V)



#### CDS (SH1, SH2, SH3):

The CCD signal from the CCD image sensor is input to PIN and DIN where correlated double sampling (CDS) is performed by SH1, SH2 and SH3. The precharge level of the CCD output signal is sampled, held and output by the SH2 output, and the signal level is sampled, held and output by the SH3 output. SH1 and SH2 are the sample-and-hold circuits for the precharge level; SH3 is the sample-and-hold circuit for the signal level.

#### CDSCLP 1, 2:

CDSCLP1 and 2 stabilize the input signal DC level, clamp (CLPDM) the input signal during the idle transfer interval for the purpose of eliminating the AGC input offset, and adjust the DC level ([\*1], [\*2]) of SH2 and SH3 in line with VREF. CDSCLP1 is the clamp circuit for the precharge level, and CDSCLP2 is the clamp circuit for the signal level.

#### AGC:

AGC is the gain control amplifier for the camera signal.

The gain can be varied from -1 to +31dB by adjusting the AGCCONT voltage control VAGCCONT from 1.5 to 3.0V.

#### CAM SH:

CAM SH is the sample-and-hold circuit for synchronizing the data read-in timing for the external A/D. Sampling is possible according to the approximately 10ns sampling pulse width input to XRS.

#### AGCCLP:

The basic black level is set ([\*3]) by clamping the AGC output waveform with the CLPOB clock during the OPB interval. When PBLK is High and CLPOB is Low, the clamping circuit operates, adjusting the AGCCLP current so that the DRVOUT potential equals the OFFSET potential (which is determined by the voltage applied to the OFFSET pin), thus setting the AGCCLP potential. The AGCCLP capacitance is connected to the AGCCLP pin.

#### DC SHIFT:

This circuit functions when AGCCLP operates, following the AGCCLP potential and forcing a DC shift of the AGC output waveform OPB interval to the basic black level. When AGCCLP is not operating, the basic black level is maintained at its previous setting.

#### BLK SW:

The black level is calibrated by blanking the black level signal of the AGC output waveform so that it does not fall below the basic black level and replacing the DC potential with VRB. ([\*4])

The signal is blanked when PBLK is Low.

#### OFFSET:

OFFSET controls the DRV output waveform black level offset.

The offset of the DRVOUT camera signals can be adjusted when a voltage is applied to OFFSET. ([\*5])

The voltage controlled by OFFSET is output as the DRV output DC offset via AGCCLP, DCSHIFT, CAMSH and BLKSW.

When the OFFSET voltage is 1.5 to 3.0V, DRVOUT DC can vary in a linear fashion from VRB + 100mV to VRB. In addition, when the OFFSET voltage is 0V, DRVOUT DC is preset to VRB + 35mV.

#### DRV:

DRV drives the external A/D. The current that flows to the last-stage amplifier in DRV is controlled by applying voltage to the ICONT pin, making it possible to adjust the rise time of the output waveform, which affects the external A/D load capacitance. The variable range is 1.5 to 3V, with 1.5V yielding the maximum and 3V yielding the minimum. The optimum rise time for the external A/D input capacitance can be selected.

#### VRTDRV, VRBDRV:

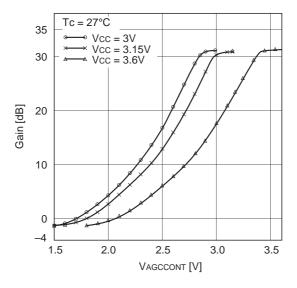
These are the external A/D reference voltage drivers. These circuits are connected to A/D VRT and VRB, supplying 2.35V and 1.35V, respectively, when Vcc is 3V. The IC's internal primary voltage is also generated on the basis of the VRT and VRB voltage. (VRB, VB and VCENT)

#### POWER SAVE CONTROL:

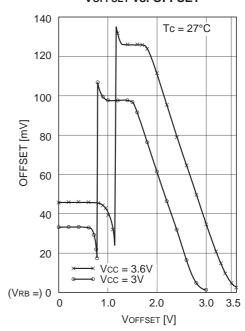
The PS pin is the power save pin; the operating state is enabled when this pin is High, while the power saving function operates when it is Low.

#### **Characteristics Graphs**

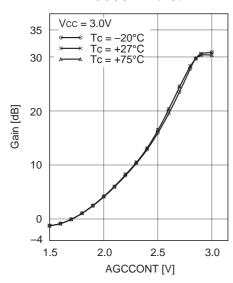
# AGCCONT control supply voltage characteristics VAGCCONT vs. Gain



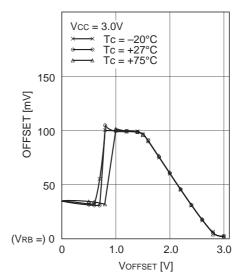
# OFFSET control supply voltage characteristics VOFFSET vs. OFFSET



AGCCONT control temperature characteristics AGCCONT vs. Gain



OFFSET control temperature characteristics VOFFSET vs. OFFSET



Vout [Vp-p]

0.8

0.75

-20

31.45dB

0

31.45dB

# Maximum signal amplitude temperature characteristics (Max. gain) Tc vs. Vout

## Vcc = 3.0V, AGCCONT = 3.0V Input amplitude DIN =28mVp-p Input amplitude DIN =24mVp-p Input amplitude DIN =21mVp-p Gain temperature characteristics from –20 to +100°C DIN = 28mVp-p 30.99<sup>+0</sup><sub>-0.23</sub> 1.0 30.99dB 30.99dB DIN = 24mVp-p30.76dB $31.41^{+0}_{-0.38}$ dB 0.9 31.41dB 31.41dB DIN = 21mVp-p

31.45<sup>+0</sup><sub>-0.33</sub> dB

50

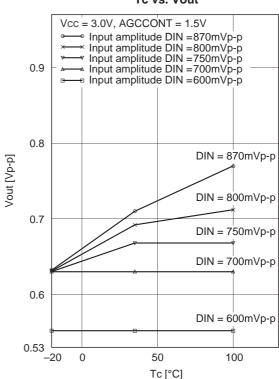
Tc [°C]

31.03dB

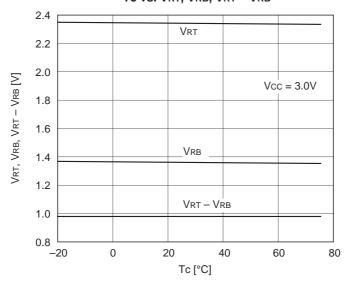
31.12dB

100

# Maximum signal amplitude temperature characteristics (Min. gain) Tc vs. Vout

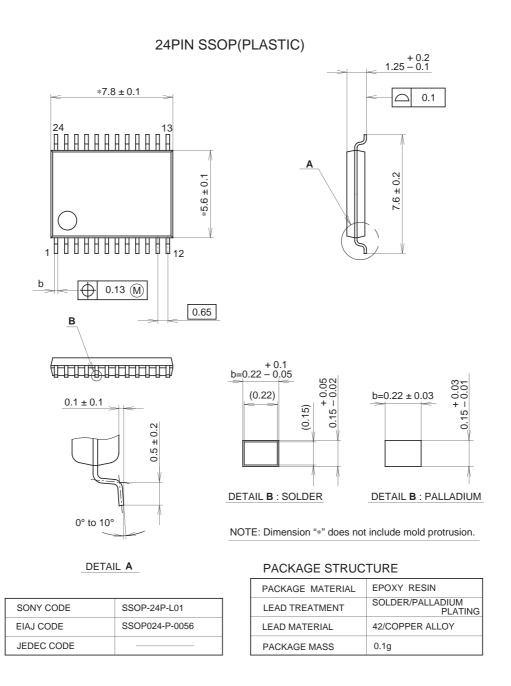


VRT, VRB, VRT – VRB temperature characteristics Tc vs. VRT, VRB, VRT – VRB



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#### Package Outline Unit: mm



**NOTE: PALLADIUM PLATING** 

This product uses S-PdPPF (Sony Spec.-Palladium Pre-Plated Lead Frame).